TAHUNA SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

School Directory

Ministry Number:	1972
Principal:	Phillip Otto
School Address:	43 Tahuna Ohinewai Road, RD 3 Morrinsville
School Postal Address:	43 Tahuna Ohinewai Road, RD 3 Morrinsville
School Phone:	027 333 6186
School Email:	admin@tahunaschool,school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:



TAHUNA SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2021

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Kiwisport

Board of Trustees

Tahuna School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2021

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2021 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

REL MILLS Full Name of Presiding Member

Signature of Presiding Member

23 Date

Phillip

Full Name of Principal

Signature of

Date:

Tahuna School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 Actual \$	2021 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 Actual \$
Revenue		,		
Government Grants	2	877,553	900,684	960,732
Locally Raised Funds	3	43,394	27,000	59,082
Interest Income		1,229	-	2,082
	-	922,176	927,684	1,021,896
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	11,336	20,850	20,750
Learning Resources	4	688,230	673,050	692,404
Administration	5	93,844	82,681	91,045
Finance		1,098	-	-
Property	6	145,512	148,950	151,561
Depreciation	11	40,888	20,500	38,196
	-	980,908	946,031	993,956
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(58,732)	(18,347)	27,940
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	(58,732)	(18,347)	27,940

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Tahuna School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
		\$	φ	\$
Equity at 1 January	-	489,473	485,000	461,533
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education		(58,732)	(18,347)	27,940
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		11,875	-	-
Equity at 31 December	-	442,616	466,653	489,473
Retained Earnings		442,616	466,653	489,473
Reserves		-	-	
Equity at 31 December	-	442,616	466,653	489,473

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Tahuna School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2021

		2021	2021	2020
	Notes	Notes Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	(Unaudited) \$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	102,252	105,573	338,723
Accounts Receivable	8	49,039	40,000	44,460
Prepayments		-	7,500	7,500
Inventories	9	-	1,000	1,003
Investments	10	137,912	47,682	47,682
	-	289,203	201,755	439,368
Current Liabilities		·	·	·
GST Payable		13,450	15,000	32,882
Accounts Payable	12	85,050	50,000	72,450
Revenue Received in Advance		10,000	-	-
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	38,675	-	-
Finance Lease Liability	15	5,535	6,000	6,223
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	54,885	-	173,838
	-	207,595	71,000	285,393
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		81,608	130,755	153,975
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	371,723	386,528	386,528
	-	371,723	386,528	386,528
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	-	38,575	34,575
Finance Lease Liability	15	10,715	12,055	16,455
	-	10,715	50,630	51,030
Net Assets	-	442,616	466,653	489,473
- "	_		100.050	400 470
Equity	_	442,616	466,653	489,473

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Tahuna School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2021

		2021	2021	2020
	Note	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	`\$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		228,780	225,684	265,704
Locally Raised Funds		53,394	27,000	33,922
Goods and Services Tax (net)		13,450	17,882	34,470
Payments to Employees		(191,679)	(145,950)	(155,843)
Payments to Suppliers		(137,894)	(159,028)	(87,238)
Interest Paid		(1,098)	-	-
Interest Received		1,229	-	2,419
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		(33,818)	(34,412)	93,434
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		-	(20,500)	(23,058)
Purchase of Investments		(90,230)	-	81,490
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(90,230)	(20,500)	58,432
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		11,875	-	-
Finance Lease Payments		(5,345)	(4,400)	(2,965)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(118,953)	(173,838)	173,838
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(112,423)	(178,238)	170,873
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(236,471)	(233,150)	322,739
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	338,723	338,723	15,984
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	102,252	105,573	338,723
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The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Tahuna School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2021

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Tahuna School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's long term maintenance plan which is prepared as part of its 10 Year Property Planning process. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its 10 Year Property Plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.



Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.



f) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

g) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

h) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are: Building improvements to Crown Owned Assets Furniture and equipment Information and communication technology Motor vehicles Leased assets held under a Finance Lease Library resources

20–50 years 5–10 years 5 years 5 years Term of Lease 12.5% Diminishing value



j) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

k) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

I) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows

m) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

n) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on an up to date 10 Year Property Plan (10YPP) or another appropriate source of evidence.

o) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as 'financial assets measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable and lease liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as 'financial liabilities measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.



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The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

q) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

r) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational Grants	199,365	180,184	207,115
Teachers' Salaries Grants	527,141	550,000	567,845
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	121,632	125,000	127,183
Other MoE Grants	29,415	45,500	58,589
	877,553	900,684	960,732

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$14,400 (2020: \$13,200).

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	`\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	25,424	27,000	27,506
Curriculum related Activities - Purchase of goods and services	-	-	10,286
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	1,556	-	-
Trading	1,397	-	4,469
Other Revenue	15,017	-	16,821
	43,394	27,000	59,082
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	8,285	16,350	13,884
Trading	511	1,000	-
Transport (Local)	-	-	3,605
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	2,540	3,500	3,261
	11,336	20,850	20,750
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	32,058	6,150	38,332

4. Learning Resources

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	7,576	19,100	13,356
Employee Benefits - Salaries	674,388	643,950	673,312
Staff Development	6,266	10,000	5,736
	688,230	673,050	692,404



5. Administration

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	(onadanod) \$	\$
Audit Fee	4,000	2,995	4,495
Board Fees	3,850	2,250	3,650
Board Expenses	13,466	1,500	-
Communication	268	200	1,564
Consumables	2,633	4,540	3,759
Operating Lease	540	630	-
Other	8,662	15,366	21,344
Employee Benefits - Salaries (Administration and Property)	55,927	52,000	52,885
Insurance	998	1,200	1,148
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	3,500	2,000	2,200
	93,844	82,681	91,045
6. Property	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	2,204	1,800	3,144
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	4,100	4,000	4,357
Grounds	7,066	10,000	6,310
Heat, Light and Water	4,857	5,200	6,534
Repairs and Maintenance	5,653	2,950	4,033
Use of Land and Buildings	121,632	125,000	127,183
	145,512	148,950	151,561

In 2021, the Ministry of Education revised the notional rent rate from 8% to 5% to align it with the Government Capital Charge rate. This is considered to be a reasonable proxy for the market rental yield on the value of land and buildings used by schools. Accordingly in 2021, the use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	102,252	105,573	338,723
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	102,252	105,573	338,723

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$102,252 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$54,885 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided for the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2022 on Crown owned school buildings.

Of the \$102,252 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$10,000 of unspent grant funding is held by the School. This funding is subject to restrictions which specify how the grant is required to be spent. If these requirements are not met, the funds will need to be returned.



8. Accounts Receivable

8. Accounts Receivable	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	49,039	40,000	1,260 43,200
	49,039	40,000	44,460
Receivables from Exchange Transactions Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	- 49,039	40,000	1,260 43,200
	49,039	40,000	44,460
9. Inventories	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Stationery	\$	\$	\$ 1,003
	-	-	1,003
10. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	0004	0004	
	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
Current Asset Short-term Bank Deposits	\$ 137,912	\$ 47,682	\$ 47,682
Non-current Asset			

Non-current Asset Long-term Bank Deposits

Total Investments

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2021	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	15,000	-	-	-	-	15,000
Building Improvements	307,961	-	-	-	(17,294)	290,667
Furniture and Equipment	63,941	-	-	-	(11,202)	52,739
Information and Communication Technology	7,753	-	-	-	(3,400)	4,353
Motor Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leased Assets	15,733	1,083	-	-	(8,850)	7,966
Library Resources	1,140	-	-	-	(142)	998
Balance at 31 December 2021	411,528	1,083	-	-	(40,888)	371,723

-

137,912

-

47,682

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47,682

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$7,966 (2020: \$15,733) The net carrying value of motor vehicles held under a finance lease is \$000 (2020: \$000)



	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020	2020
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	15,000	-	15,000	15,000	-	15,000
Building Improvements	408,194	(117,527)	290,667	408,194	(100,233)	307,961
Furniture and Equipment	98,821	(46,082)	52,739	75,078	(36,137)	38,941
Information and Communication T	28,604	(24,251)	4,353	44,510	(36,757)	7,753
Motor Vehicles	43,923	(43,923)	-	43,923	(43,923)	-
Leased Assets	26,444	(18,478)	7,966	32,007	(16,274)	15,733
Library Resources	23,632	(22,634)	998	23,632	(22,492)	1,140
Balance at 31 December	644,618	(272,895)	371,723	642,344	(255,816)	386,528

12. Accounts Payable

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	24,516	10,000	26,741
Banking Staffing Overuse	10,589	-	1,128
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	49,039	40,000	43,200
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	906	-	1,381
	85,050	50,000	72,450
Payables for Exchange Transactions	85,050	50,000	72,450
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	85,050	50,000	72,450

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2021	2021 Budget	2020
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Other revenue in Advance	10,000	-	-
	10,000	-	-



14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2021 Actual	2021 Budget (Unaudited)	2020 Actual
	\$	(Unaddited) \$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	34,575	34,575	30,218
Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year	4,100	4,000	4,357
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	-	-
Provision at the End of the Year	38,675	38,575	34,575
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	38,675	-	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Term	-	38,575	34,575
	38,675	38,575	34,575

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	5,535	6,000	6,223
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	10,715	12,055	16,455
Later than Five Years	-	-	-
Future Finance Charges	-	-	-
	16,250	18,055	22,678
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	5,535	6,000	6,223
Finance lease liability - Term	10,715	12,055	16,455
	16,250	18,055	22,678

16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included in Cash and Cash Equivalents note 7.

2021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Tech Block Upgrade	173,838	15,976	192,118	2,304	-
Shade Sail	-	54,885	-	-	54,885
Roll Growth Classroom with SNM Bathroom		28,616	28,616	-	-
Totals	173,838	99,477	220,734	2,304	54,885

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Due from the Ministry of Education 54,885

54,885



	2020	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Tech Block Upgrade		-	185,413	11,575	-	173,838
Court		-	47,720	47,720	-	-
Solar Panels		-	22,295	22,295	-	-
Totals			255,428	81,590	-	173,838

17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2021 Actual \$	2020 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	3,850	3,650
<i>Leadership Team</i> Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	81,567 1	128,473 1
Total key management personnel remuneration	85,417	132,123

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 12 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Chair and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider matters including finance and property.



Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

The total value of remuneration paid of payable to the rinnoipal was in the following bands.	2021 Actual	2020 Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	70-80	120-130
Benefits and Other Emoluments	2-3	3-4
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000 100-110		2020 FTE Number -
	0.00	0.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2021 Actual	2020 Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-

20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2021 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2020: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2021, a contingent liability for the school may exist.



21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2021 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

(a) Contract for Shade to be completed in 2022, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education. \$54,885 has been received of which \$0 has been spent on the project to date;

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2020: \$173,838)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2021 there are no operating commitments. (2020:Nil)

22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	102,252	105,573	338,723
Receivables	49,039	40,000	44,460
Investments - Term Deposits	137,912	47,682	47,682
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	289,203	193,255	430,865
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	85,050	50,000	72,450
Finance Leases	16,250	18,055	22,678
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	101,300	68,055	95,128

23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.



24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

25. COVID 19 Pandemic on going implications

Impact of Covid-19

During 2021 the country moved between alert levels. During February and March 2021 Auckland was placed into alert levels 3 and 2 and other parts of the country moved into alert level 2.

Towards the end of June 2021, the Wellington region was placed into alert level 2 for one week.

Towards the end of August 2021, the entire country moved to alert level 4, with a move to alert level 3 and 2 for everyone outside the Auckland region three weeks later. While Auckland has remained in alert level 3 for a prolonged period of time the Northland and Waikato regions have also returned to alert level 3 restrictions during this period.

Impact on operations

Schools have been required to continue adapting to remote and online learning practices when physical attendance is unable to occur in alert level 4 and 3. Schools continue to receive funding from the Te Tāhuhu o te Mātauranga | Ministry to Education, even while closed.

However, the ongoing interruptions resulting from the moves in alert levels have impacted schools in various ways which potentially will negatively affect the operations and services of the school. We describe below the possible effects on the school that we have identified, resulting from the ongoing impacts of the COVID-19 alert level changes.

Reduction in locally raised funds

Under alert levels 4,3, and 2 the school's ability to undertake fund raising events in the community and/ or collect donations or other contributions from parents, may have been compromised. Costs already incurred arranging future events may not be recoverable.

Increased Remote learning additional costs

Under alert levels 4 and 3 ensuring that students have the ability to undertake remote or distance learning often incurs additional costs in the supply of materials and devices to students to enable alternative methods of curriculum delivery.





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF TAHUNA SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Tahuna School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Richard Currie, using the staff and resources of Crowe New Zealand Audit Partnership, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 19, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

present fairly, in all material respects:

o its financial position as at 31 December 2021; and

 $_{\odot}$ its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and

• comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector – Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 24 March 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The title 'Partner' conveys that the person is a senior member within their respective division, and is among the group of persons who hold an equity interest (shareholder) in its parent entity, Findex Group Limited. The only professional service offering which is conducted by a partnership is external audit, conducted via the Crowe Australasia external audit division and Unison SMSF Audit. All other professional services offered by Findex Group Limited are conducted by a privately owned organisation and/or its subsidiaries.

Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd, trading as Crowe Australasia is a member of Crowe Global, a Swiss verein. Each member firm of Crowe Global is a separate and independent legal entity. Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd and its affiliates are not responsible or liable for any acts or omissions of Crowe Global or any other member of Crowe Global. Crowe Global does not render any professional services and does not have an ownership or partnership interest in Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd.



Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.



- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 2 to 19, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

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Richard Currie Crowe New Zealand Audit Partnership On behalf of the Auditor-General Hamilton, New Zealand